more effectively with Hispanic clients and communities.

6. Developed an information management system to track programmatic outcomes and evaluate best practices for future dissemination.

This cooperative agreement will be awarded in FY 1997 for a 12-month budget period within a project period of 3 years. Continuation awards within the project period will be made on the basis of satisfactory progress and the availability of funds.

Where To Obtain Additional Information

If you are interested in obtaining additional information regarding this project, contact Ms. Cynthia Amis, Office of Minority Health, 5515 Security Lane, Suite 1000, Rockville, Maryland 20852 or telephone (301) 594–0769.

Dated: November 6, 1996.

Clay E. Simpson, Jr.,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Minority Health.

[FR Doc. 96–30061 Filed 11–25–96; 8:45 am]

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Notice of Meeting

Pursuant to Public Law 92–463, notice is hereby given of the following teleconference meeting of the SAMHSA Special Emphasis Panel II in November.

A summary of the meeting and a roster of the members may be obtained from: Ms. Dee Herman, Committee Management Liaison, SAMHSA Office of Extramural Activities Review, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 17–89, Rockville, Maryland 20857. Telephone: (301) 443–4783.

Substantive program information may be obtained from the individual named as Contact for the meeting listed below.

The meeting will include the review, discussion and evaluation of individual grant applications. The discussion could reveal personal information concerning individuals associated with the applications. Accordingly, this meeting is concerned with matters exempt from mandatory disclosure in Title 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(6) and 5 U.S.C. App. 2, § 10(d).

Committee Name: SAMHSA Special Emphasis Panel II (SEP II).

Meeting Dates: November 22, 1996 2:15 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Place: Parklawn Building, Room 17–89— Telephone Conference, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

Closed: November 22, 1996, 2:15 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Panel: FEMA—Crisis Counseling—North Carolina.

Contact: Stanley Kusnetz, Review Administrator, Room 17–89, Parklawn Building, Telephone: (301) 443-3042 and FAX: (301) 443-3437.

This notice is being published less than 15 days prior to the meeting due to the urgent need to meet timing limitations imposed by the review and funding cycle.

Dated: November 20, 1996.

Jeri Lipov.

Committee Management Officer, SAMHSA. [FR Doc. 96–30136 Filed 11–25–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4162–20–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Notice of Receipt of an Application, and Availability of an Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact for an Incidental Take Permit by Mr. Glenn Michalski for Construction of a Residential Project on the Fort Morgan Peninsula, AL

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Mr. Glenn Michalski (Applicant) seeks an incidental take permit (ITP) from the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), pursuant to Section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), (Act) as amended. The ITP would authorize for a period of 30 years the incidental take of an endangered species, the Alabama beach mouse, Peromyscus polionotus ammobates, known to occupy the 0.43-acre tract of land owned by the Applicant on the Fort Morgan Peninsula, Baldwin County, Alabama. The project is a single family home, which includes a driveway, parking pad and dune walkover.

The Service also announces the availability of an environmental assessment (EA) and habitat conservation plan (HCP) for this incidental take application. Copies of the EA and/or HCP may be obtained by making a request to the Regional Office (see ADDRESSES). This notice also advises the public that the Service has made a preliminary determination that issuing this ITP is not a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment within the meaning of Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, (NEPA) as amended. The Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is based on information contained in the EA and HCP. The final determination will be made no sooner than 30 days

from the date of this notice. This notice is provided pursuant to Section 10 of the Act and National Environmental Policy Act Regulations (40 CFR 1506.6). **DATES:** Written comments on the applications, EAs and HCPs should be sent to the Service's Regional Office (see ADDRESSES) and should be received on or before December 26, 1996. **ADDRESSES:** Persons wishing to review the application, HCP, and EA may obtain a copy by writing the Service's Southeast Regional Office, Atlanta, Georgia. Documents will also be available for public inspection by appointment during normal business hours at the Regional Office, 1875 Century Boulevard, Suite 200, Atlanta, Georgia 30345 (Attn: Endangered Species Permits), or at the Daphne Field Office, PO Drawer 1190, Daphne East Office Plaza, Suite A, 2001 Highway 98, Daphne, Alabama 36526. Written data or comments concerning the application, EA, or HCP should be submitted to the Regional Office. Comments must be submitted in writing to be processed. Please reference permit number PRT-821992 in such comments, or in requests for the documents discussed herein. Requests for the documents must be in writing to be

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. David A. Dell, Regional Permit Biologist, Atlanta, Georgia (see ADDRESSES above), telephone: 404/679–7313; or Ms. Celeste South at the Daphne, Alabama, Field Office (see ADDRESSES above), telephone: 334/441–5181, extension 32.

adequately processed.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Alabama beach mouse. Peromyscus polionotus ammobates, is a subspecies of the common oldfield mouse Peromyscus polionotus and is restricted to the dune systems of the Gulf Coast of Alabama. The known current range of the Alabama beach mouse extends from Fort Morgan eastward to the western terminus of Alabama Highway 182, including the Perdue Unit of the Bon Secour National Wildlife Refuge. The sand dune systems inhabited by this species are not uniform; several habitat types are distinguishable. The species inhabits primary dunes, interdune areas, secondary dunes, and scrub dunes. The depth and area of these habitats from the beach inland varies. Population surveys indicate that this subspecies is usually more abundant in primary dunes than in secondary dunes, and usually more abundant in secondary dunes than in scrub dunes. Optimal habitat consists of dune systems with all dune types. Though fewer Alabama beach mice inhabit scrub dunes, these